

3-phase bridge inverter

SKiiP 15AC065V1

Features

- Ultrafast NPT IGBTs
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

Typical Applications*

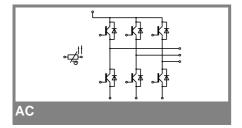
- Inverter up to 10,0 kVA
- Typical motor power 4,0 kW

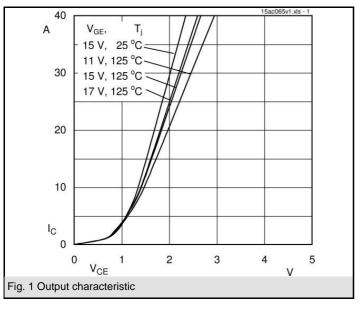
Remarks

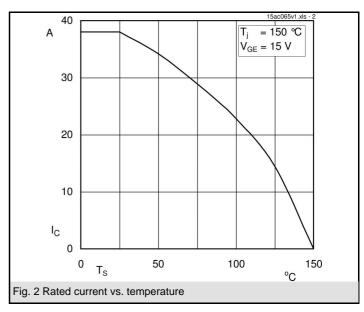
• V_{CEsat}, V_F = chip level value

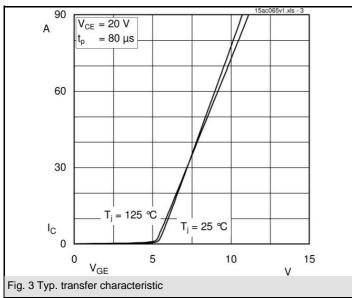
Absolute	Maximum Ratings	T_s = 25 °C, unless otherwise s	T _s = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified					
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units					
IGBT - Inverter								
V_{CES}		600	V					
I _C	T _s = 25 (70) °C	38 (28)	Α					
I _{CRM}	$t_p \le 1 \text{ ms}$	60	Α					
V_{GES}	·	± 20	V					
T_j		- 40 + 150	°C					
Diode - Inverter								
I _F	T _s = 25 (70) °C	40 (30)	Α					
I _{FRM}	$t_p \le 1 \text{ ms}$	60	Α					
T_j		- 40 + 150	°C					
I _{tRMS}	per power terminal (20 A / spring)	40	Α					
T _{stg}	$T_{op} \le T_{stg}$	- 40 + 125	°C					
V _{isol}	AC, 1 min.	2500	V					

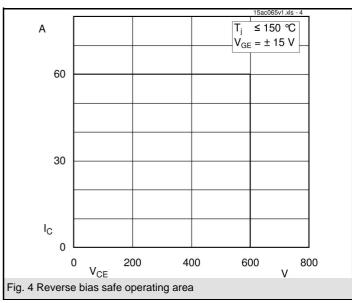
Characteristics		T _s = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified						
	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units			
IGBT - Inv			٠, ۲	11100711				
V _{CEsat} V _{GE(th)} V _{CE(TO)} r _T C _{ies} C _{oes} C _{res} R _{th(j-s)}	$I_{Cnom} = 30 \text{ A}, T_j = 25 (125) ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_C = 0,5 \text{ mA}$ $T_j = 25 (125) ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j = 25 (125) ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ MHz}$	3	2 (2,2) 4 1,2 (1,1) 27 (37) 1,5 0,2 0,1 1,05	2,5 (2,7) 5 1,3 (1,2) 40 (50)	V V V mΩ nF nF nF			
t _{d(on)} t _r t _{d(off)} t _f E _{on} E _{off}	under following conditions $\begin{aligned} &V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ &I_{Cnom} = 30 \text{ A}, T_j = 125 \text{ °C} \\ &R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 20 \Omega \\ &\text{inductive load} \end{aligned}$		20 15 185 10 1		ns ns ns ns mJ mJ			
Diode - Inverter								
$V_F = V_{EC}$ $V_{(TO)}$ r_T $R_{th(j-s)}$	I_{Fnom} = 30 A, T_j = 25 (125) °C T_j = 25 (125) °C T_j = 25 (125) °C per diode		1,5 (1,5) 1 (0,9) 18 (20) 1,5	1,8 (1,8) 1,1 (1) 23 (27)	V V mΩ K/W			
I _{RRM} Q _{rr} E _{rr}	under following conditions $I_{Fnom} = 30 \text{ A}, V_R = 300 \text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, T_j = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $di_F/dt = 2500 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$		58 3,5 0,8		Α μC mJ			
Temperati	Temperature Sensor							
R _{ts}	3 %, T _r = 25 (100) °C		1000(1670)		Ω			
Mechanica m M _s	Al Data Mounting torque	2	35	2,5	g Nm			

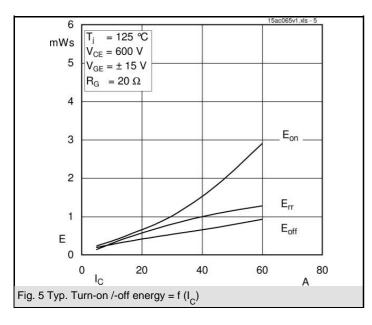


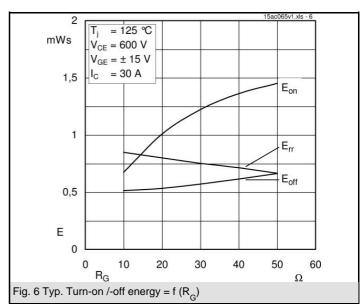


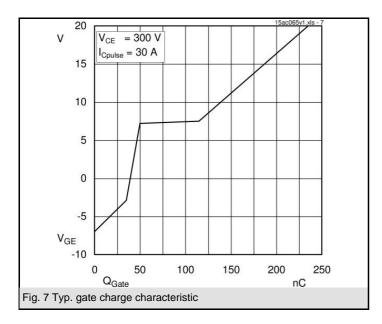


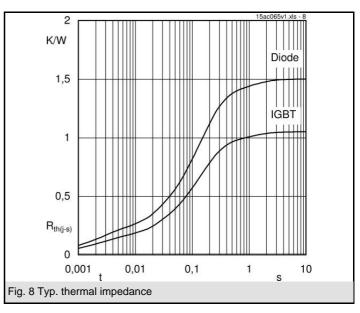


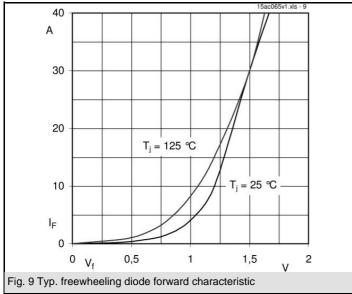


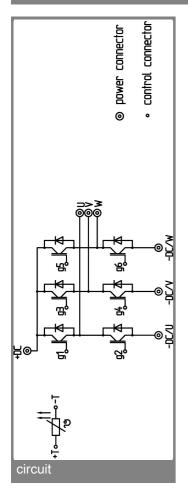


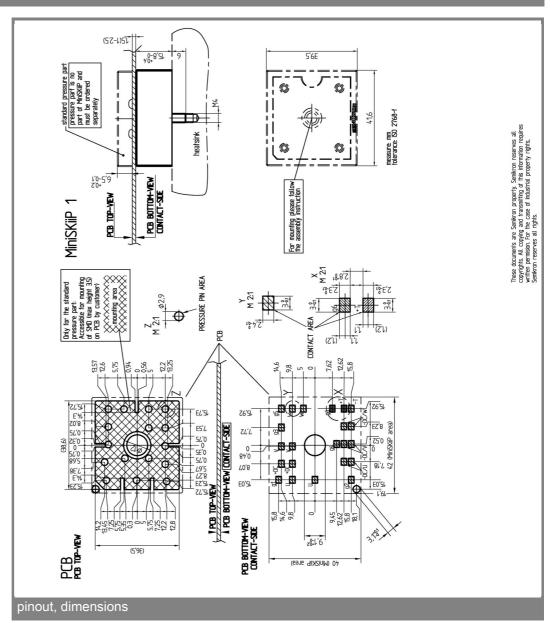












This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

4 24-08-2006 SEN © by SEMIKRON

^{*} The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. Components have to be tested for the respective application. Adjustments may be necessary. The use of SEMIKRON products in life support appliances and systems is subject to prior specification and written approval by SEMIKRON. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our personal.